Course cod	e Course Name	L-T-P - Credit		Year of roduction
HS300	Principles of Management	3-0-0-3		2016
Prerequisite				
Course Obj	ectives			
0	evelop ability to critically analyse and evaluate	e a variety of mana	agement pr	actices in
	ontemporary context;	·	0	
	nderstand and apply a variety of management			
	e able to mirror existing practices or to generat		ative mana	gement
1	betencies, required for today's complex and glo	1 '		
	e able to critically reflect on ethical theories ar	nd social responsib	ility ideolo	ogies to
	e sustainable organisations.			
Syllabus				
	oles and functions of a manager, manageme			
	challenges and the concepts like, compet			
	Early contributors and their contributions to			
-	oonsibility. Planning, Organizing, Staffing			-
-	Decision making under certainty, uncert	ainty and risk,	creative p	rocess and
	nvolved in decision making.			
Expected of		0		
A student v i.	who has undergone this course would be able t manage people and organisations	0		
ii.	critically analyse and evaluate management	theories and prac	tices	
iii.	plan and make decisions for organisations	theories and pract	lices	
iv.	do staffing and related HRD functions			
Text Book				
	ontz and Heinz Weihrich, Essentials of Manag	ement. McGraw F	Iill Compa	nies 10th
Edition.			ini compu	
References				
	. Daft, New era Management, 11th Edition, G	Cengage Learning		
	. Griffin, Management Principles and Applic	0000		e Learning
	. Heinz Weirich, Mark V Cannice and Harole			
	Innovative and Entrepreneurial Perspective	e, McGraw Hill Ed	lucation, 1-	4th Edition
4	. Peter F Drucker, The Practice of Management	ent, McGraw Hill,	New York	K
5			on Educati	on
	Course Plan	1		
Module	Contents		Hours	Sem. Exam
				Marks
I I	ntroduction to Management: definitions, man	agerial roles and		
	unctions; Science or Art perspectives- Extern	-		
	lobal, innovative and entrepreneurial			
0	Janagement (3 Hrs.)– Managing people and		6	
	ne context of New Era- Managing for compet		-	
	ne Challenges of Management (3 Hrs.)	0		15%

	Early Contributions and Ethics in Management: Scientific		
	Management- contributions of Taylor, Gilbreths, Human		
II			
	Relations approach-contributions of Mayo, McGregor's		
11	Theory, Ouchi's Theory Z (3 Hrs.) Systems Approach, the		
	Contingency Approach, the Mckinsey 7-S Framework		
	Corporate Social responsibility- Managerial Ethics. (3 Hrs)	6	150/
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION	0	15%
III	Planning: Nature and importance of planning, -types of plans (3 Hrs.)- Steps in planning, Levels of planning - The Planning	6	15%
	Process. – MBO (3 Hrs.).	0	1070
	Organising for decision making: Nature of organizing,		
	organization levels and span of control in management		
	Organisational design and structure -departmentation, line and		
IV	staff concepts (3 Hrs.) Limitations of decision making-		
	Evaluation and selecting from alternatives- programmed and	6	15%
	non programmed decisions - decision under certainty,		
	uncertainty and risk-creative process and innovation (3 Hrs.)		
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
	Staffing and related HRD Functions: definition,		
	Empowerment, staff – delegation, decentralization and		
	recentralisation of authority - Effective Organizing and		
\mathbf{V}	culture-responsive organizations –Global and entrepreneurial	0	2004
	organizing (3 Hrs.) Manager inventory chart-matching person	9	20%
	with the job-system approach to selection (3 Hrs.) Job design-		
	skills and personal characteristics needed in managers-		
	selection process, techniques and instruments (3 Hrs.)		
	Leading and Controlling: Leading Vs Managing – Trait		
	approach and Contingency approaches to leadership -		
	Dimensions of Leadership (3 Hrs.) - Leadership Behavior and		
VI	styles – Transactional and Transformational Leadership (3	9	200/
	Hrs.) Basic control process- control as a feedback system –	9	20%
	Feed Forward Control – Requirements for effective control –		
	control techniques – Overall controls and preventive controls –		
	Global controlling (3 Hrs.)		
	END SEMESTER EXAM		

Question Paper Pattern

Max. marks: 100, Time: 3 hours . The question paper shall consist of three parts

Part A: 4 questions uniformly covering modules I and II. Each question carries 10 marks Students will have to answer any three questions out of 4 (3X10 marks =30 marks)
Part B: 4 questions uniformly covering modules III and IV. Each question carries 10 marks Students will have to answer any three questions out of 4 (3X10 marks =30 marks)
Part C: 6 questions uniformly covering modules V and VI. Each question carries 10 marks Students will have to answer any four questions out of 6 (4X10 marks =40 marks)

Note: In all parts, each question can have a maximum of four sub questions, if needed.

Course	Course Name	L-T-P-	Year of
Code		Credits	Introduction
CE302	DESIGN OF HYDRAULIC STRUCTURES	4-0-0-4	2016

Prerequisite : CE309 Water Resources Engineering

Course objectives:

- To impart knowledge regarding the design of the various minor irrigation structures
- To convey the knowledge on the causes of failure, design criteria and stability analysis of different types of dams

Syllabus :

Diversion head works - layout and functions of components. Causes of failure of weirs on permeable soils, Bligh's theory and Khosla's theory. Irrigation canals- Design of unlined canals through alluvial soils-Kennedy's theory and Lacey's theory. Minor irrigation structures- Cross drainage works, Canal Regulation works : Falls and Regulators, Design of Hydraulic Structures: Aqueduct, siphon aqueduct, Canal falls-notch type, well type, Sarda type, and Cross regulator. Dams-Types, Gravity dam - forces acting - stability analysis and modes of failure - theoretical and practical profiles- Functions of shafts, galleries, keys and water stops. Arch dams-types, Thin cylinder theory. Earth dams-types, causes of failure and design criteria. Spillways-Types. Ogee type spillway-profile.

Course Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- i. Perform the stability analysis of gravity dams
- ii. Explain the causes of failure of different types of dams and their design criteria
- iii. Design minor irrigation structures such as regulators, cross drainage works and canal falls

Text Books :

- 1. Garg S.K, Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures, Khanna Publishers, 2006.
- 2. Modi. P. N., Irrigation Water Resources and Water Power Engineering, Standard Book House, 2009.
- **3.** Punmia B.C. Ashok K Jain, Arun K Jain, B. B. L Pande, Irrigation and Water Power Engineering, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd. 2010.

- 1. Arora, K.R., "Irrigation, Water Power and Water Resources Engineering", Standard Publishers Distributors, 2010.
- 2. Asawa. G.L. Irrigation and Water Resources Engineering, New Age International, 2000
- 3. Sahasrabudhe S.R., Irrigation Engineering & Hydraulic Structures, S.K. Kataria & Sons, 2013
- 4. Sathyanarayana M. C. Water Resources Engineering-Principles and Practice, New Age International Publishers. 2009
- 5. Varshney, R.S. Theory & Design of Irrigation Structures Vol III, Nem Chand & Bros., Roorkee.

	COURSE PLAN				
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks %		
I	Diversion head works- layout and functions of components, Weir and barrage- Causes of failure of weirs on permeable soils - Bligh's theory. Design of vertical drop weir. Khosla's theory of independent variables- Khosla's corrections-Use of Khosla's charts.	6	15		

п	Irrigation canals, canal alignment- cross section of unlined canals- Design of canals through alluvial soils-Kennedy's theory and Lacey's theory. Cross drainage works-Types, selection of suitable type, Type of aqueducts. Regulation Works - Canal falls-necessity, classification. Canal regulators- Regulator cum road bridge- Head regulators and cross regulators.	8	15
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
III	 Design and Drawing of the following hydraulic structures: 1. Aqueduct (Type III) 2. Syphon Aqueduct (Type III) 3. Canal Fall (Trapezoidal Notch type) 4. Siphon Well Drop 5. Sarda Type Fall (High Discharge only) 6. Cross Regulator (Using Khoslas Theory) 	30	50
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
IV	Dams-Types, Gravity dam – selection of site- forces acting - stability analysis and modes of failure – Principal and shear stresses- Problems - Elementary profile –limiting height of gravity dams- high and low dams- Practical profiles, Functions of various components shafts, keys, water stops, and different types of gallery, Grouting. Instrumentation in dams (Concept only).	6	10
V	Arch dams-types, methods for design (list only)-Thin cylinder theory. Earth dams-types, causes for failure and design criteria. Spillways-Types. Effective length of spillway- Ogee type spillway- profile. Energy dissipation below spillways - Stilling basins- Indian standard Type I and Type II (design not necessary).	6	10
	END SEMESTER EXAMINATION		

Note: In Internal Evaluation the marks for assignment shall be awarded based on the submission of drawings.

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (End semester examination)

Maximum Marks: 100

Exam Duration: 4 Hrs

Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part B - Module III : One question out of 2 questions carrying 50 marks ; with

weightage for design as 25 marks and sketching of two views of design specified in question : 25 marks

Part C - Module IV & V : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 10 marks each.

Course Code	Course Name	L-T-P- Credits	Year of Introduction
CE304	DESIGN OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES - II	3-0-0-3	2016

Pre-requisites : CE301 Design of Concrete Structures - I

Course objectives:

• To provide knowledge in the structural design of selected advanced structures of concrete and enable them to design reinforced concrete structures for real-world applications.

Syllabus :

Columns subjected to compression, uniaxial bending and biaxial bending- design using SP16 charts for limit state-design of slender columns- design of wall/strip footing- design of rectangular footings-eccentrically loaded rectangular footing- circular footings-detailing-combined footings-rectangular and trapezoidal (design principles only)- design of cantilever retaining wall without surcharge-detailing - design principles of counter fort retaining wall and detailing- Circular slabs-simply supported, fixed and partially fixed subjected to udl- design of water tanks-design philosophy and requirements-joints-IS code recommendations- design of rectangular and circular water tanks using IS code coefficients (IS 3370)- Pre-stressed concrete-concept of prestressing- materials-methods of prestressing – prestressing systems- losses of prestress. analysis of prestressed beams (rectangular and I-sections) at stages of transfer and service

Expected Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- i. Design eccentrically loaded and slender columns using SP 16 design charts and different
- ii. types of foundations
- iii. Design and detail cantilever retaining wall and understand the design principles of Counter fort retaining wall
- iv. Design and detail circular slabs and domes
- v. Design rectangular and circular water tanks using IS code coefficients (IS 3370).
- vi. Gain knowledge of prestressed concrete fundamentals and analyse pre and post tensioned beams.

Text Books / References:

- 1. N. Krishnaraju, Prestressed Concrete, Tata McGraw-Hill, 5e, 2012
- 2. Pillai S.U & Menon D Reinforced Concrete Design, Tata McGraw Hill Book Co., 2009
- 3. Punmia, B. C, Jain A.K and, Jain A.K, R C C Designs, Laxmi Publications Ltd., 10e, 2015
- 4. Relevant IS codes (IS 456, IS 875IS 1343, IS 3370, SP 16, SP 34)

	COURSE PLAN				
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks %		
Ι	Analysis and design of short columns under eccentric loading- Columns subjected to compression and uniaxial bending- design using SP16 charts for limit state Columns subjected to combined axial load and biaxial bending moments-code procedure for design- design using SP16 charts for	8	15		

	limit state		
	Slender columns- behavior of slender columns-braced and unbraced		
	columns-design procedure- design using SP16 charts for limit state		
	Foundations- classification-IS code provisions for design of isolated footings- design principles of rectangular footings- Design of		
	rectangular footings-uniform thickness and sloped- eccentrically		
II	loaded rectangular footing of uniform thickness-detailing.	8	15
	Combined footings (design principles only)- analysis of combined		
	footings-rectangular and trapezoidal.		
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
	Retaining walls-Types- Cantilever retaining wall- earth pressure and		
	forces acting-stability-proportioning-structural behavior of		
III	components -design example of cantilever retaining wall without		
	surcharge-detailing	6	15
	Counterfort retaining wall- design principles of components and		
	detailing (design not required)		
	Circular slabs- stresses- reinforcements- simply supported, fixed		
IV	and partially fixed subjected to uniformly distributed loads	6	15
	Design and detailing of spherical and conical domes		
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
	Introduction to design of water tanks-design philosophy and		
	requirements-joints- IS code recommendations		
V	Design of rectangular water tanks using IS code coefficients (IS	7	20
	3370).		
	Design of circular water tanks using- IS code coefficients (IS 3370)		
	Introduction to Pre-stressed concrete: Concept of pre-stressing-		
VI	Materials-High strength concrete and high tensile steel.	7	20
V I	Analysis of pre-stressed beams (Rectangular and I-sections) at	,	20
	stages of transfer and service. Losses in Prestress		
	END SEMESTER EXAMINATION		

<u>Note:</u> 1. All designs shall be done as per current IS specifications

2. Special importance shall be given to detailing in designs

3. SI units shall be followed.

4. Students shall submit a term project on design and detailing of any structure of real- world application at the end of the semester.

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (End semester examination) :Maximum Marks :100Exam Duration: 3 Hrs

Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each Part B - Module III & IV: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each Part C - Module V & VI: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 20 marks each

Note : 1. Each part should have at least one question from each module 2. Each question can have a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a,

Course Code	Course Name	L-T-P- Credits		ear of duction
CE306	COMPUTER PROGRAMMING AND COMPUTATIONAL TECHNIQUES	3-0-0-3	2	2016
Pre-requi	sites : Nil			
• To	bjectives : provide adequate knowledge for coding in C++ langu give awareness about the different computational me plementation to analyze basic Engineering problems	-	eir	
Basic cond Computation approximation	programming - Elements of C++ programming langu cepts of object oriented programming onal Techniques – Roots of transcendental equation- <u>tion- Numerical Integration, Solution of simultaneous</u> Outcome: The students will be able to develop computer progr techniques for solving basic engineering problems us	Interpolation s linear equat ams and imp	i -Functi tions.	ional
2. Ge	as: laguruswamy, Object Oriented programming with C+ rald C. F. and P. O. Wheatley, Applied Numerical An bert Lafore ., C++ Programming., Sams publishers.,4	alysis, Pears	on Edu.	
2. Ka Ed 3. Lij 4. Ma	Books: rkakati N., Object Oriented Programming in C++, SA mthane A. M., Object Oriented Programming with ucation, 2009. opman S. B. and J. Lajoie, C++ Primer, Pearson Educa tria Litvin.and Gary Litvin, C++ for You++, Skylight vichandran D., Programming with C++, Tata McGrav	ANSI & Tur ation, 2005. Publishing,		-, Pearson
	COURSE PLAN			
Modules	Contents	H	Iours	Sem. Exam Marks %
I	Introduction to C++: Structure of C++ program; C set; Keywords; Identifiers; Data types – integ character, string, Boolean, Enumerated data types, C and Variables; Operators – assignment, ar relational, logical, increment, decrement and co operators; Statements – simple & compound, de statements. Input and output streams. Selection statements: if, if-else, switch statements	er, real, Constants ithmetic, nditional	7	15
п	Looping statements - for, while, do-while statements statements – break, continue, goto, exit (). Arrays - s and multi-dimensional arrays, initializing array elem pointers & arrays, Character arrays, string functions, Unformatted console I/O functions, Unformatted Str	ingle ents,	6	15

	functions. Preparation of programs for evaluation of factorial of a number, Infinite series, Sorting, Searching and Matrix manipulations.		
	FIRST INTERNAL TEST		
III	User defined functions – Arguments, return values, call by value, call by reference, functions calling functions, functions and arrays - Global variables, automatic, static and register variables, recursive functions.	6	15
IV	Structures - functions and structures - Arrays of structures - structures within structures, Structures containing arrays. Files - Input & Output, sequential & random access. Basic concepts of object oriented programming - class, objects, constructors and destructors, inheritance (Programs not required)	7	15
	SECOND INTERNAL TEST		
V	Roots of Transcendental equations - Successive approximations, Regula - Falsi, Newton Raphson Methods, Interpolation-Lagrange interpolation method.	8	20
VI	Functional approximation - Fitting straight line & parabola, Numerical Integration - Trapezoidal, Simpson's rule & Gauss quadrature Method. Solution of simultaneous linear algebraic equations – Gauss elimination method. Solution of Partial differential Equation - Finite Difference Method	8	20
	END SEMESTER EXAMINATION		

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (End semester examination)Maximum Marks :100Exam Duration: 3 Hrs

Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part B - Module III & IV: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part C - Module V & VI: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 20 marks each

Note: 1.Each part should have at least one question from each module

2.Each question can have a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a,b,c,d)

Course	Course Name	L-T-P-	Year of
Code		Credits	Introduction
CE308	TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING - I	3-0-0-3	2016

Pre-requisite : NIL

Course objectives:

- To introduce the principles and practice of Highway Engineering and Airport Engineering.
- To enable students to have a strong analytical and practical knowledge of geometric design of highways.
- To introduce pavement design concepts, material properties, construction methods and to design highway pavements.
- To understand the principles of traffic engineering and apply this for efficient management of transportation facilities.

Syllabus:

Classification and alignment of highways- Geometric design of highways- Properties and testing of pavement materials- CBR method of flexible pavement design- Construction and maintenance of pavements- Design of runways, taxiways and aprons.

Traffic characteristics- Traffic studies and analysis- Traffic control devices

Airport characteristics- Aircraft component parts- Site selection-Design of runways, taxiways and aprons- Terminal area planning- Airport marking and lighting

Expected Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- i. Design various geometric elements of a highway
- ii. Determine the characteristics of pavement materials and design flexible pavements
- **iii.** Conduct traffic engineering studies and analyze data for efficient management of roadway facilities, Plan and design basic airport facilities

Text Books :

- 1. Khanna, S.K. & Justo E.G., Highway Engineering, Nem Chand & Bros., 2000
- 2. Kadiyali, L. R., Principles of Highway Engineering, Khanna Publishers, 2001
- 3. Khanna, S. K. & Arora. M. G., Airport Planning and Design, Nemchand& Bros.

- 1. Horonjeff R. & McKelvy, F., Planning and Design of Airports, McGraw Hill, 5e, 2010
- 2. IRC: 37-2001, Guidelines for the Design of Flexible Pavements, IRC 2001, New Delhi
- 3. IRC:37-2012, Tentative Guidelines for the Design of Flexible Pavements
- 4. O' Flaherty, C.A (Ed.)., Transport Planning and Traffic Engineering, Elsevier, 1997
- 5. Rangwala, S. C., Airport Engg. Charotar Publishing Co., 16e, 2016
- 6. Yoder, E. J & Witezak, M. W, Principles of Pavement Design, John Wiley & Sons, 1991

	COURSE PLAN		
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks %

I	Introduction to Transportation Engineering, Classification of roads, Typical cross sections of roads in urban and rural area, Requirements and factors controlling alignment of roads, Engineering surveys for highway location- Introduction to geometric design of highways, Design controls and criteria, Design of highway cross section elements.	6	15	
II	Sight distance, Stopping sight distance, Overtaking sight distance, Design of horizontal alignment and Vertical alignment	7	15	
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION			
III	Introduction to highway materials, design and construction, Desirable properties and testing of road aggregates, bituminous materials and sub grade soil. Flexible and rigid pavements, Factors influencing the design of pavements, CBR method and IRC guidelines for flexible pavements	7	15	
IV	Introduction to performance grading and superpave, Construction of bituminous pavements, Types and causes of failures in flexible and rigid pavements, Highway drainage. Introduction to Traffic Engineering, Traffic characteristics, Traffic studies and their applications.	6	15	
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION			
v	Types of road intersections, Traffic control devices, Traffic signs, Road markings and Traffic signals, Design of isolated signals by Webster's method. Introduction to Airport Engineering, Aircraft characteristics and their influence on planning of airports, Components of airport, Selection of site for airport	8	20	
VI	Runway orientation, basic runway length and corrections required, Geometric design of runways, Design of taxiways and aprons, Terminal area planning, Airport markings, Lighting of runway approaches, taxiways and aprons, Air traffic control	8	20	
	END SEMESTER EXAMINATION			

Maximum Marks :100

Exam Duration: 3 Hrs

Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part B - Module III & IV: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part C - Module V & VI : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 20 marks each

Note : 1.Each part should have at least one question from each module

2.Each question can have a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a, b, c, d)

Course	Course Name	L-T-P-	Year of
Code		Credits	Introduction
CE332	TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING LAB	0-0-3-1	2016

Pre-requisite : CE308 Transportation Engineering - I

Course objectives:

• To enable the students to conduct different tests to find various properties of aggregates, bitumen and soil subgrade and hence to assess their suitability in pavement construction.

List of Experiments (All experiments shall be conducted as per BIS/ASTM/AASHTO procedures)

I. Tests on aggregates

- 1. Aggregate crushing value
- 2. Aggregate impact value
- 3. Los Angeles abrasion value
- 4. Shape tests-Flakiness index and Elongation index
- 5. Angularity of course aggregates and fine aggregates
- 6. Specific gravity and water absorption of course aggregate
- 7. Stripping value of road aggregates
- 8. Dry Packing characteristics of aggregates (ASTM C29/ C29 M 97)

II. Test on soil

- 1. California Bearing Ratio test (Soaked and Un-soaked CBR)
- 2. Dynamic cone penetration test (ASTM D6951 (2015) procedure)

III. Tests on bitumen

- 1. Penetration value of bitumen
- 2. Softening point of bitumen
- 3. Ductility of bitumen
- 4. Flash and Fire point of bitumen

<u>5. Measurement of mixing and compaction temperature of bitumen (Brookfield viscometer)</u> (The test was previously written in the draft syllabus as Viscosity test on bitumen, but we have specified it)

IV.Test on bituminous mixes

1. Determination of theoretical specific gravity of loose mix and bulk specific gravity of

compacted mix (ASTM D2041, ASTM D1188)

2. Moisture sensitivity test of bituminous mixes (AASHTO T283 procedure)

V. Functional evaluation of pavements

1. Use of MERLIN apparatus to determine road roughness

Expected outcome:

• The students will be able to assess the quality of various pavement materials and their suitability in highway construction.

Reference books :

- 1. L.R. Kadiyali, Principles and Practices of Highway Engineering, Khanna Publishers, 2009
- 2. MoRTH (2013) Specification for Road and bridge works (5th revision)
- 3. MS-2 manual (2015) Seventh edition, Asphalt Institute.
- 4. S. K. Khanna, C. E. G. Justo, A Veeraragavan, Highway Engineering, Khanna Publishers, 10e.



Course Code	Course Name	L-T-P- Credits	Year of Introduction
CE334	COMPUTER AIDED CIVIL ENGINEERING LAB	0-0-3-1	2016
Prerequisite	: CE231 Civil Engineering Drafting Lab		
 To fa To ur 	ctives: troduce the fundamentals of Civil Engineering drafting and o miliarize with the FEA software packages for analysis and D iderstand the Total Station data transfer and interpretation. able the usage of Project Management Software	-	ructures
a) b c) II Analysis software pac a) Conti b) Plane III Use of Pr a) Prepar b) Practic	 l Drawings for Slabs and Beams One Way / Two way Slab/Continuous Slabs Singly reinforced /Double reinforced Beams Continuous / Flanged Beams Stair Case (Doglegged and Tread and Riser Type) Foundations (Isolated and Combined Rectangular) and design of steel and RCC elements using STAAD/SAF	ling Critical Time)	Path
	tudents are expected to accomplish the abilities/skills for the	e use of Civ	il Engineering
Text Books 1. N Ki (India 2. Refer 3. Sather Remo	ing/Analysis, Design and Project Management Software. / References: rishna Raju, Structural Design and Drawing, Second Ed a), Private Limited, Hyderabad, 2009 ence Manual of the Relevant Software esh Gopi, Dr. R Sathikumar, N Madhu, Advanced Surveyir ote Sensing, Pearson Education India, 2006 CAD Essentials, Autodesk official Press, John Wiley & Sons	ng: Total St	ation, GIS and
Note: (1) Ev (2) A the	valuation of drawing, along with a viva, to be done at the end survey camp of minimum 3 days duration using total statio e semester, and is compulsory aluation Criteria : Best 8 plate/Exercises - 40 marks Survey Camp - 30 marks .End semester examination - 30 marks TOTAL - 100 marks	l of every c	lass.

Course code	Course Name	L-T-P - Credits	Year of Introduction
**352	Comprehensive Examination	0-1-1-2	2016
	Prerequisite : N	il	
Course Objectiv	ves		
study	the comprehensive knowledge gained in rehend the questions asked and answer the	CATANA	to the branch of
	tenend the questions asked and answer th	iem with confidence.	
Assessment	ECHNOLO	GICAL	
curriculum (@ t	n - To be conducted weekly during hree students/hour) - 50 marks ation - To be conducted by the Dept	I I Y	

Written examination - To be conducted by the Dept. immediately after the second internal examination– common to all students of the same branch – objective type (1 hour duration)– 50 multiple choice questions (4 choices) of 1 mark each covering all the courses up to and including semester V – no negative marks – 50 marks.

Note: Both oral and written examinations are mandatory. But separate minimum marks is not insisted for pass. If a students does not complete any of the two assessments, grade I shall be awarded and the final grade shall be given only after the completion of both the assessments. The two hours allotted for the course may be used by the students for library reading and for oral assessment.

Expected outcome.

• The students will be confident in discussing the fundamental aspects of any engineering problem/situation and give answers in dealing with them

Course	Course Name	L-T-P-	Year of
Code		Credits	Introduction
CE362	GROUND IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES	3-0-0-3	2016

Pre-requisite :CE305 Geotechnical Engineering - II

Course objectives:

- To impart fundamental knowledge of Ground Improvement Techniques
- To make capable of choosing and designing the appropriate method of Ground Improvement according to site conditions and requirement

Syllabus :

Classification of Ground Modification Techniques- Soil distribution in India- Reclaimed soils-Ground Improvement Potential- Grouting – Aspects – Groutability, Grouting materials, Suspension grouts and solution grouts, Compaction grouting. Procedure and applications of grouting- Chemical stabilization – Granular admixtures, Cement, Lime, Calcium Chloride, Fly Ash, Bitumen, Chemical admixtures. Construction Methods-Ground Anchors – Applications, types and components, Anchor tests. Rock bolts – Applications and types- Rock bolt action around an excavation. Soil Nailing – construction sequence – analysis of nailed soil-Compaction- Moisture Density relationship. Shallow surface compaction-Rollers – operational aspects. Deep Compaction – Explosion- heavy tamping- vibro compaction and vibro replacement. Properties of compacted soil, Compaction control tests- Hydraulic modification- Methods of dewatering- open sumps and ditches, Well point systems, deep well drainage, Vacuum dewatering, Electro osmosis. Design of dewatering for excavations

Expected Outcomes:

- i. An understanding about types of ground improvement techniques and soil distribution in India
- ii. Knowledge about various types of grouts and their applications
- iii. Knowledge about types of chemical stabilization and their construction method
- iv. Understanding about Ground Anchors, Rock Bolts and Soil Nailing
- v. Knowledge about Compaction of soil
- vi. Understanding about various methods of dewatering of soil

Text Books / References:

- 1. Manfred. R. Hausmann, Engineering Principles of Ground Modification, McGraw Hill, 1989
- 2. P. Purushothamaraj, Ground Improvement Techniques , University Science Press, 2005

	COURSE PLAN				
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks %		
Ι	Introduction to Engineering Ground Modification- Classification of Ground Modification Techniques- Soil distribution in India- Reclaimed soils- Ground Improvement Potential.	6	15		

п	Grouting – Aspects – Groutability, Grouting materials, Suspension grouts and solution grouts, Compaction grouting. Procedure and applications of grouting.	6	15
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
ш	Chemical stabilization – Granular admixtures, Cement, Lime, Calcium Chloride, Fly Ash, Bitumen, Chemical admixtures. Construction Methods.	6	15
IV	Ground Anchors – Applications, types and components, Anchor tests. Rock bolts – Applications and types- Rock bolt action around an excavation. Soil Nailing – construction sequence – analysis of nailed soil	7	15
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
v	Compaction- Moisture Density relationship. Shallow surface compaction-Rollers – operational aspects. Deep Compaction – Explosion- heavy tamping- vibro-compaction and vibro- replacement. Properties of compacted soil, Compaction control tests.	9	20
VI	Hydraulic modification- Methods of dewatering- open sumps and ditches, Well point systems, deep well drainage, Vacuum dewatering, Electro osmosis. Design of dewatering for excavations.	8	20
END SEMESTER EXAMINATION			

Maximum Marks :100

Exam Duration: 3 Hrs

- Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each
- Part B Module III & IV: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each
- Part C Module V & VI : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 20 marks each
- Note: 1.Each part should have at least one question from each module
 - 2. Each question can have a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a,b,c,d)

Course	Course Name	L-T-P-	Year of
Code		Credits	Introduction
CE364	ADVANCED FOUNDATION ENGINEERING	3-0-0-3	2016

Prerequisite: CE305 Geotechnical Engineering - II

Course objectives:

- To impart to the students, the advanced topics in foundation engineering
- To enable the students to acquire proper knowledge about the design and analysis in real life situations.

Syllabus :

Advanced topics in shallow foundations- bearing capacity, settlement and allowable bearing pressure. Allowable bearing pressure from penetration test data. Consolidation settlement of footings. Raft foundations and combined footings. Problems of excavations. Deep foundations – need. Types. Classification of piles. static equation – Single piles – Critical depth concept. Pile capacity in clay and sand by the I.S. code method . Piles in layered soils. Piles with enlarged base in clays (under reamed piles). Pile capacity from SPT and CPT values. Piles for resisting uplift – straight shaft and under reamed piles in clays and sands – Dynamic formulae . Different types of pile load tests. ultimate load from pile load tests. Pile groups –Negative skin friction of single piles and pile groups – Settlement of pile groups in clays and sands – Equivalent raft approach – Skempton's and Meyerhof's methods- Drilled piers with enlarged base. Well foundations

Expected Outcomes:

- i. The students will be equipped to design foundations for field situations.
- ii. The students will gain **d**etailed knowledge of shallow foundations and deep foundations.

Text Books:

- 1. Murthy, V.N. S. Advanced Foundation Engineering, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 2007
- 2. Ranjan G. and A. S. R. Rao, Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics, New Age International, 2002.

- 1. Gulhati, S. K. and Datta, M. Geotechnical Engineering, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2005
- 2. Tomlinson, M. J. and Booman, R. Foundation Design and Construction, Prentice Hall Publishing, 2001.
- 3. Tomlinson, M. J. and Woodwrd, J. Pile Design and Construction Practice. CRS Press, 2015.
- 4. Kurien, N. P. Design of foundation systems: principles and practices. Alpha Science International, 2005

	COURSE PLAN			
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks %	
I	Shallow foundations- estimating bearing capacity- Meyerhof's, Hansen's and I.S code methods- Effect of water table, eccentricity, and inclination of load on Bearing Capacity – Numerical problems using IS method Elastic settlement –Effect of size of footing on settlement. Steinbrenner's method of calculating settlement– Numerical problems.	7	15	



Π	Allowable bearing pressure from penetration test data – Meyerhoff's and Teng's expressions. Consolidation settlement of footings - Combined footings and raft foundations (only concepts)– brief discussions on methods of analysis of raft, concept of floating raft, excavations.	6	15
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
III	Deep foundations –need. Types. Classification of piles. static equation – Single piles – Critical depth concept. Pile capacity in clay and sand by the I.S. code method . Piles in layered soils. Piles with enlarged base in clays (under reamed piles). Problems. Pile capacity from SPT and CPT values. problems	6	15
IV	Piles for resisting uplift – straight shaft and under reamed piles in clays and sands – Dynamic formulae – Engineering News formula – Modified Hiley formula – Different types of pile load tests –initial and routine tests maintained load test, CRP test, pullout test, lateral load test and cyclic pile load test. Separation of skin friction and end bearing. – ultimate load from pile load tests.	7	15
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
V	Pile groups – Efficiency of pile groups- Group capacity in clays– Minimum spacing of piles in a group – Negative skin friction of single piles and pile groups –Settlement of pile groups in clays – Equivalent raft approach – Settlement of pile groups in sands - Skempton's and Meyerhof's methods- Drilled piers with enlarged base.	8	20
VI	Well foundations- Components of a well foundation-Procedure for construction and sinking of wells-Thickness of well steining for sinking under self weight - Grip length- Problems encountered in well sinking-Tilts and Shifts- Causes - Permissible tilts and shifts - Methods to rectify tilts and shifts - Forces acting on a well foundation -Allowable bearing pressure - Lateral stability of well foundations - Terzaghi's analysis	8	20
	END SEMESTER EXAMINATION		

Maximum Marks :100

Exam Duration: 3 Hrs

Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part B - Module III & IV: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part C - Module V & VI : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 20 marks each

Note : 1.Each part should have at least one question from each module

2. Each question can have a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a, b, c, d)

Course	Course Name	L-T-P-	Year of
Code		Credits	Introduction
CE366	TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT	3-0-0-3	2016

Pre-requisite: NIL

Course objectives:

• To set a solid and firm foundation in traffic engineering management, traffic regulation, highway capacity, design of introduction and traffic flow theory concepts.

Syllabus:

Scope and objective of traffic engineering and management, Traffic regulation rules, Highway capacity and introduction to 2010 manual, Design of at grade, grade separated, rotary and signals, traffic safety, influencing factors and preventive measures for traffic accidents, basic diagrams of traffic flow theory, introduction to car following and queuing.

Expected Outcomes:

• This course will enable students to learn advanced topics in traffic engineering and management

Text Books:

- 1. Kadiyali L.R. Traffic Engineering and Transport planning, Khanna Tech Publishers, 2011
- 2. Khanna O.P and Justo C.G; Highway Engineering, Nem Chand Publishers, 9e.
- **3.** Donald Drew, Traffic Flow Theory Chapter 14 in Differential Equation Models, Springer, 1983

- 1. Martin Whol, Brian V Martin , Traffic system Analysis for Engineers and Planners, McGraw Hill, NY, 1967
- 2. HCM 2010 (3 volume set), TRB Publications, 2010

Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks %	
I	Traffic management – scope of traffic management measures – restrictions to turning movements – one way streets – tidal flow operations-Traffic segregation –Traffic calming- Exclusive bus lanes, Introduction to ITS	7	15	
Ш	Regulation of traffic – Need and scope of traffic regulations- Motor Vehicle Act – Speed limit at different locations- regulation of the vehicle – regulations concerning the driver rules of the road enforcement	7	15	
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION			

III	Highway capacity: Its importance in transportation studies – basic, possible and practical capacity – determination of theoretical maximum capacity -passenger car units – level of service – concept in HC manual – factors affecting level of service.	7	15
IV	Design of Intersection: Design of at grade & grade separated intersection – rotary intersection – capacity of rotary intersection – traffic signals – warrants of traffic signals,-types of signals, signal coordination, design of fixed time signal –Websters approach	7	15
SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION			
V	Traffic Safety: causes of road accidents – collection of accident data – influence of road, the vehicle .the driver, the weather and other factors on road accident – preventive measures	7	20
VI	Traffic Flow: theory of traffic flow – scope – definition and basic diagrams of traffic flow- basic concepts of light hill – Whitham's theory – Introduction to Car 'following theory and queuing'	7	20

Maximum Marks :100

Exam Duration: 3 Hrs

- Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each
- Part B Module III & IV: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each
- Part C Module V & VI : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 20 marks each
- Note: 1.Each part should have at least one question from each module

2. Each question can have a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a,b,c,d)

Course	Course Name	L-T-P-	Year of
Code		Credits	Introduction
CE368	PRESTRESSED CONCRETE	3-0-0-3	2016

Pre-requisite: CE201Mechanics of Solids

Course objectives:

• To make students familiar with the concepts and design of typical pre-stressed concrete structural elements and to have a knowledge of the codal provisions

Syllabus :

Basic concept and principles of pre-stressed concrete systems- analysis for flexure- loss of pre-stress, Design philosophy and design for flexure, codal provisions, Shear and torsional behavior – analysis and design - calculation of deflection (short & long term), Anchorage Zone stresses in post tensioned members, Prestressed concrete poles and sleepers, Partial pre-stressing, composite beams – analysis and design, Statically indeterminate structures

Expected Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- i. analyse prestressed concrete members
- ii. design prestressed concrete members using codal provisions
- iii. design for shear and torsion of prestressed concrete members
- iv. design end blocks and provide detailing of reinforcements
- v. design composite members and other applications
- vi. design continuous members

Text Books :

- 1. G S Pandit & S P Gupta, "Prestressed Concrete", CBS Publishers, 2014
- 2. Krishna Raju N., Prestressed concrete, Tata McGraw Hill Company, New Delhi 1998
- 3. Rajagopalan, N, "Prestressed Concrete", Alpha Science, 2002

- 1. Lin T.Y. Design of prestressed concrete structures, Asia Publishing House, Bombay 1995
- Mallic S.K. and Gupta A.P., Prestressed concrete, Oxford and IBH publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1997
- 3. Ramaswamy G.S., Modern prestressed concrete design, Arnold Heinimen, New Delhi, 1990
- 4. IS 1343 1998 ISCode Bureau of Indian Standards

L	COURSE PLAN			
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks %	
I	Review- Basic concept and principles of pre-stressed concrete, materials, prestressing systems – Analysis of prestress and bending stresses loss of pre-stress Stresses at transfer and service loads.	6	15	

II	Limit state design criteria: Inadequacy of elastic and ultimate load method, criteria for limit states, strength and serviceability. Design of sections for flexure codal provisions- ultimate strength in flexure	6	15
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
III	Shear and torsional resistance: design of shear reinforcement, design of reinforcement for torsion, shear and bending.	7	15
IV	Deflections of prestressed concrete members: Importance, factors, short term and long term deflection. Codal provisions	7	15
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
V	Anchorage Zone stresses in post tensioned members: Stress distribution in end block, anchorage zone reinforcement. Prestressed concrete poles and sleepers: Design of sections for compression and bending Partial pre-stressing- Definitions, principles and design approaches and applications	8	20
VI	Composite beams –Analysis and design – Ultimate strength – applications, Elementary idea of composite construction for tee beams in bridges. Statically Indeterminate structures: advantages of continuous member(Concepts and steps for analysis)-	8	20
END SEMESTER EXAMINATION			

Maximum Marks :100

Exam Duration: 3 Hrs

Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part B - Module III & IV: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part C - Module V & VI : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 20 marks each

Note : 1.Each part should have at least one question from each module

2.Each question can have a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a, b, c, d)

Course Code	Course Name	L-T-P- Credits	Year of Introduction		
CE372	ENGINEERING HYDROLOGY	3-0-0-3	2016		
Pre-requisite : CE309 : Water Resources Engineering					

Course objectives:

- To have a good understanding of all the components of hydrologic cycle
- To understand the mechanics of rainfall, its spatial and temporal distribution.
- To understand the fitting of probability distribution and statistical analysis of rainfall and Runoff.

Syllabus :

Basic concept of Hydrology and Hydrologic cycle - Test for consistency of rainfall records - Analysis of rainfall data - Hydrologic abstractions-infiltration-Evapotranspiration - methods of estimation-catchment characteristic-stream gauging - stage-discharge curve - its extension and adjustment. Computation of runoff- Rainfall- runoff correlation using linear regression techniques- Partial differential equation governing unsteady groundwater flow- Evaluation of aquifer parameters- Well flow near aquifer boundaries - Method of images - surface investigation of groundwater- Graphical representation of hydrochemical data- Pollution of ground water, sources, Seawater intrusion, Artificial recharge of groundwater- Design flood –Estimation of design flood- Flood frequency studies-Gumbel's method- Flood routing through reservoirs and Channel routing- Flood control methods, Flood forecasting and warning.

Expected Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- 1. understand the procedure, applicability and limitations of various methods of geotechnical investigation;
- 2. make proper engineering judgments and take appropriate decisions related to geotechnical investigations.

Text Books:

- 1. Deodhar.M.J., Elementary Engineering Hydrology, Pearson, 2009
- 2. Ojha, C.S.P, R. Berndtsson, P.Bhunya, Engineering Hydrology, Oxford University Press, 2015.
- 3. Reghunath. H M, Hydrology, New Age International Publications, 1987.
- 4. Subramanya. K, Engineering Hydrology, Tata McGraw Hill, 1984

- 1. Garg S. K. Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering, Khanna Publishers, 2005
- 2. Ghanshyam Das, Hydrology and soil conservation Engineering, Prentice-hall of India, 2004.
- 3. Jayarami Reddy P, A Text Book of Hydrology, Laxmi Publications, 2005.
- 4. Maidment D.R., Hand book of Hydrology, Mc Graw Hill, 1993
- 5. Todd D. K., Ground Water Hydrology, Wiley, 2005
- 6. Ven Te Chow, David R Maidment, L. W. Mays, Applied Hydrology, McGraw Hill, 1988
- 7. Warren Viessman, Gary L Lewis, Introduction to Hydrology, Pearson, 2015.

	COURSE PLAN		
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks %



Ι	Basic concept of Hydrology and Hydrologic cycle -Test for consistency of rainfall records - Analysis of rainfall data - correlation between intensity and duration – intensity, duration and frequency - depth area duration (DAD) curve. Hydrologic abstractions- infiltration Green Ampt method-Evapotranspiration – different methods - Blaney Criddle method - penman method.	7	15		
II	Catchment characteristics - classification of streams - stream pattern-stream order - stream gauging - rating of current meter - Extension of stage discharge curve - Adjustment of stage discharge curve-selection of site for stream gauging stations.	6	15		
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION				
III	Runoff - Computation of runoff– Hydrograph analysis-Rational method S-hydrograph - unit hydrograph from complex storm - synthetic unit hydrograph- Instantaneous unit hydrograph (Brief description only) – linear reservoir model.	7	15		
IV	Partial differential equation governing unsteady groundwater flow- Evaluation of aquifer parameters - Theis method -Jacob's approximation method. Well flow near aquifer boundaries - Method of images - surface investigation of groundwater - Electrical resistivity method. Graphical representation of hydrochemical data - Pollution of groundwater, sources. Seawater intrusion- Ghyben-Herzberg relationship -Method of control of seawater intrusion- Artificial recharge of groundwater.	6	15		
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION				
V	Rainfall- runoff correlation using linear regression and multiple linear regression analysis. Design flood and their Estimation - Different methods - Flood frequency studies -Gumbel's method.	8	20		
VI	Flood routing through reservoirs - ISD method- Modified Pulse method. Flood routing through channels by Muskingum method. Flood control methods - Flood forecasting and warning (Brief descriptions only)	8	20		
	END SEMESTER EXAMINATION				

Maximum Marks :100

Exam Duration: 3 Hrs

Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part B - Module III & IV: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part C - Module V & VI: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 20 marks each

Note : 1.Each part should have at least one question from each module

2. Each question can have a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a,b,c,d)

Course	Course Name	L-T-P-	Year of
Code		Credits	Introduction
CE374	AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT	3-0-0-3	2016

Pre-requisites: Nil

Course objectives:

- To understand the various forms of air pollutants and their effects on human and environment
- To know the various methods of controlling air pollutants

Syllabus : Air pollution-sources, effects on human, vegetation, environment, air pollutants. Indoor pollution. Meteorology, factors affecting dispersion of pollutants, Plume behaviour. Modelling of air pollutants, Dispersion modelling. Monitoring of pollutants-Particulate and gaseous, Control of air pollutants-Methods for particulate and gaseous pollutants, Air quality legislations

Course Outcomes:

- Create an awareness among students regarding air pollution problems
- To understand the various techniques that can be adopted for managing air pollution related problems.

Text Books

- 1. C.S.Rao, "Environmental Pollution Control Engineering", New Age International Pub., 2006
- 2. M.N. Rao & H.V.N Rao , Air Pollution, Tata McGraw Hill Co. Ltd, Delhi, 1990.
- **3.** Peavy H S, Rowe, D.R. Tchobanaglous "Environmental Engineering" McGraw Hill Education, 1985

- 1. Chhatwal G.R, Encyclopedia of Environmental Pollution and Control, Volumes 1,2,3, Anmol Publications, 1996
- 2. J. R. Mudakavi, Principles and Practices of Air Pollution Control and Analysis, IK International Pvt Ltd, 2012
- 3. Perkins H.C, "Air Pollution" McGraw Hill Publications, 2004
- 4. S C Bhatia, Textbook of Air Pollution and Its Control, Atlantic publishers, 2007
- 5. S P Mahajan, Air Pollution Control, Common Wealth of Learning, Canada, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, 2006
- 6. Stern.A, "Air Pollution" (Volume I, II & III), Academic Press New York, 1962

COURSE PLAN			
Module	Contents	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks %
I	Introduction- Components of Environment- Definition –Air Pollution- History of air pollution episodes-Various Sources of Air pollution – Air Pollutants- Types of Air Pollutants	6	15
п	Effect of air pollutants on health, vegetation, animals and materials and environment, Green house effect - Indoor Air Pollution, sources of indoor air pollutants	6	15

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	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
ш	Meteorological aspects of Air Pollutant Dispersion - Temperature and Pressure relationships-Atmospheric Stability- Temperature Lapse Rate- Inversions- Types, Plume behavior	7	15
IV	Dispersion of Air pollutants-Plume dispersion theory- Gaussian plume model (Derivation not required)- Assumptions-Advantages and Disadvantages- Pasquill's stability curves, Dispersion problems involving point source and line source - Estimation of plume rise.	7	15
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION		
V	Air Quality monitoring - Ambient air sampling - Collection of gaseous air pollutants-Collection of particulate Pollutants- Ambient Air Quality standards	8	20
VI	Control of Air Pollutants- Particulate emission control-methods, Scrubbing-Cyclones- Filtration- Electrostatic Precipitation-Gaseous emission control- adsorption, absorption, thermal methods	8	20
END SEMESTER EXAMINATION			

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (End semester examination)

Maximum Marks :100

Exam Duration: 3 Hrs

Part A -Module I & II : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part B - Module III & IV: 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 15 marks each

Part C - Module V & VI : 2 questions out of 3 questions carrying 20 marks each

Note: 1.Each part should have at least one question from each module

2 Each question can have a maximum of 4 subdivisions (a, b, c, d)