Course co		L-T-P -		ear of			
<b>EE466</b>		Credits 3-0-0-3		oduction 2016			
Prerequis		0000		2010			
Course O							
	• To study the image fundamentals and mathematical transforms necessary for image						
	processing.						
	o impart the image enhancement, image restoration and image c	ompressi	on pro	ocedures			
	o know about morphological image processing.	NA					
	o study the image segmentation and representation techniques.	1 4 1					
Syllabus Elements	of visual perception, Basic geometric transformations, Separa	bla Ima	an Tre	neforme			
	omain methods, Frequency domain filters, Model of Image		-				
	ompression Techniques, Morphological Processing, Segmentar						
Descriptio							
Ĩ							
-	l Outcomes.						
	ents will be able to		1				
i.	Demonstrate understanding of the basic concepts of two-dimen	sional sig	gnal				
ii.	acquisition, sampling, and quantization. Demonstrate understanding of spatial filtering techniques, inclu	ding line	ar and	1			
11.	nonlinear methods.	iung mie		L			
iii.	Demonstrate understanding of 2D Fourier transform concepts,	ncluding	the 2	D DFT			
	and FFT, and their use in frequency domain filtering.	Ū					
iv.	Apply programming skills in digital image processing related procesing related processing related processing	oroblems					
Text Bo		- 1					
	. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Digital Image Processing, Pears	on Educa	tion				
Referen	<b>Ses:</b> Jain, Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, PHI						
	anda Dutta Magundar, Digital Image Processing and Application	ns PHI					
	lanSonka, Vaclav Hlavac, Roger Boyle, Image Processing, Anal		Mach	ine			
	sion, CL Engineering, 2007						
4. W	lliam K. Pratt, Digital Image Processing, John Wiley & Sons	/					
	Course Plan						
Module	Contents	Ho	urs	Sem. Exam Marks			
	Elements of visual perception – Image sampling and quantization						
	Basic relationship between pixels – Basic geomet						
Ι	transformations-Introduction to Fourier Transform and DFT			15%			
-	Properties of 2D Fourier Transform – FFT – Separable Ima		7				
	Transforms -Walsh –Hadamard – Discrete Cosine Transfor Haar transforms	m,					
	Spatial Domain methods: Basic grey level transformation	_					
	Histogram equalization –Image subtraction – Image averagi						
TT	Spatial filtering: Smoothing, sharpening filters – Laplacian filt	ers	_	150/			
II	Frequency domain filters : Smoothing – Sharpening filters		/	15%			
	Homomorphic filtering.						
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION						

III	Model of Image Degradation/restoration process – Noise models – Inverse filtering –Least mean square filtering – Constrained least mean square filtering – Blind image restoration – Pseudo inverse – Singular value decomposition	7	15%		
IV	Lossless compression: Variable length coding – LZW coding – Bit plane coding, predictive coding-DPCM. Lossy Compression: Transform coding – Wavelet coding – Basics of Image compression standards: JPEG, MPEG	7	15%		
SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION					
V	MorphologicalImageProcessing-Dilation,Erosion,Morphological Reconstruction-Gray Scale MorphologyEdge detection – Thresholding - Region Based segmentation	7	20%		
VI	Boundary representation: chair codes- Polygonal approximation –Boundary segments – boundary descriptors: Simple descriptors Fourier descriptors - Regional descriptors –Simple descriptors	7	20%		
END SEMESTER EXAM					

## **QUESTION PAPER PATTERN:**

Maximum Marks: 100

Exam Duration: 3Hourrs.

Part A: 8 compulsory questions.

One question from each module of Modules I - IV; and two each from Module V & VI.

Student has to answer all questions. (8 x5)=40

**Part B**: 3 questions uniformly covering Modules I & II. Student has to answer any 2 from the 3 questions:  $(2 \times 10) = 20$ . Each question can have maximum of 4 sub questions (a,b,c,d), if needed.

## Estd.

**Part C**: 3 questions uniformly covering Modules III & IV. Student has to answer any 2 from the 3 questions:  $(2 \times 10) = 20$ . Each question can have maximum of 4 sub questions (a,b,c,d), if needed.

**Part D**: 3 questions uniformly covering Modules V & VI. Student has to answer any 2 from the 3 questions:  $(2 \times 10) = 20$ . Each question can have maximum of 4 sub questions (a,b,c,d), if needed.