COURSE			YEAR OF
CODE	COURSE NAME	L-T-P-C	INTRODUCTION
EC365	Biomedical Engineering	3-0-0-3	2015

Prerequisite: Nil

## **Course objectives:**

The purpose of this course is:

- 1. To introduce student to basic biomedical engineering technology
- 2. To understand the anatomy & physiology of major systems of the body in designing equipment for medical treatments.
- 3. To impart knowledge about the principle and working of different types of bio-medical electronic equipment/devices.

### **Syllabus:**

Human body-overview, Physiological systems of body, Measurement of physiological parameters, Assisting and therapeutic devices, Medical laboratory equipments, Telemetry in patient care, Patient safety, Medical imaging system

# **Expected outcome:**

On completion of this course, the students will be able:

- 1. To understand diagnosis and therapy related equipments.
- 2. To understand the problem and identify the necessity of equipment for diagnosis and therapy.
- 3. To understand the importance of electronics engineering in medical field.
- 4. To understand the importance of telemetry in patient care

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. K S Kandpur, "Hand book of Biomedical instrumentation", Tata McGraw Hill 2nd e/d.
- 2. Leslie Cromwell, Fred J. Weibell, Erich A. Pfeiffer, Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurements, PHI, 2nd Edition, 2004

### **References:**

- 1. J. J. Carr, "Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology", Pearson Education 4<sup>th</sup> e/d.
- 2. John G Webster, "Medical Instrumentation application and design", John Wiley 3<sup>rd</sup> e/d.
- 3. Richard Aston, "Principle of Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurement". Merrill Education/Prentice Hall.
- 4. Barbara Christe, Introduction to Biomedical Instrumentation, Cambridge University Press, 2008.

### **Course Plan**

Module	Course content	Hours	Sem. Exam Marks
	Introduction to bio-medical instrumentation system, overview of anatomy and physiological systems of the body.	1	
I	Sources of bio-electric potential: Resting and action potential, propagation of action potentials. Bioelectric potentials examples (ECG, EEG, EMG, ERG, EOG, EGG, etc introduction only.)	2	15
	Electrode theory: Nernst relation Bio potential electrodes: Microelectrodes, skin surface electrodes, needle electrodes.	1	

	Instrumentation for clinical laboratory: Bio potential amplifiers-instrumentation amplifiers, carrier amplifiers, isolation amplifiers, chopper amplifiers	2	
	Heart and cardiovascular system (brief discussion), electro conduction system of the heart. Electrocardiography, ECG machine block diagram, ECG lead configurations, ECG recording system, Einthoven triangle, analysis of ECG signals.	3	
II	Measurement of blood pressure: Direct, indirect and relative methods of blood pressure measurement, auscultatory method, oscillometric and ultrasonic non-invasive pressure measurements.	2	15
	Measurement of blood flow: Electromagnetic blood flow meters and ultrasonic blood flow meters.	2	
	FIRST INTERNAL EXAM		
	The human nervous system. Neuron, action potential of brain, brain waves, types of electrodes, placement of electrodes, evoked potential, EEG recording, analysis of EEG.	2	
III	Electromyography: Nerve conduction velocity, instrumentation system for EMG.	1	15
	Physiology of respiratory system (brief discussion), Respiratory parameters, spirometer, body plethysmographs, gas exchange and distribution.	2	
	Instruments for clinical laboratory: Oxymeters, pH meter, blood cell counter, flame photometer, spectrophotometer	3	S
IV	Therapeutic Equipments: Principle, block schematic diagram, working and applications of : pacemakers, cardiac defibrillators, heart—lung machine, dialyzers, surgical diathermy equipment, ventilators	6	15
	SECOND INTERNAL EXAM		
	Medical Imaging systems (Basic Principle only): X-ray imaging - Properties and production of X-rays, X-ray machine, applications of X-rays in medicine.	2	
$\mathbf{v}$	Computed Tomograpy: Principle, image reconstruction, scanning system and applications.	2	20
	Ultrasonic imaging systems: Basic pulse echo system, propagation of ultrasonic through tissues and reflections, display types, A-Scan, B-Scan, M-Scan, applications, real-time ultrasonic imaging systems and probes.	3	
	Magnetic Resonance Imaging – Basic NMR components, Biological effects and advantages of NMR imaging	3	
VI	Biomedical Telemetry system: Components of biotelemetry system, application of telemetry in medicine, single channel telemetry system for ECG and temperature	2	20

	Patient Safety: Electric shock hazards, leakage current, safety codes for electro medical equipments	1		
END SEMESTER EXAM				

# **Question Paper**

The question paper shall consist of three parts. Part A covers I and II module, Part B covers III and IV module, Part C covers V and VI module. Each part has three questions which may have maximum four subdivisions. Among the three questions one will be a compulsory question covering both modules and the remaining from each module, of which one to be answered. Mark patterns are as per the syllabus with 100 % for theory.

KTU STUDENTS